

Chapter 15: Tradition

1. Christ claimed that He was sent by _____.
2. He proved this by working _____ for that purpose.
3. God (*can*) (*cannot*) work a miracle in favour of a false claim.
4. To make sure that His teaching would last to the end of the world, Christ (*wrote it in a book*) (*told His Apostles to write it in a book*) (*established a society*).
5. A society is different from an individual in that it can go on existing _____.
6. It is superior to a book in that it can teach with a _____ voice.
7. Christ made His Church an _____ and _____ society.
8. The handing on of Christ's truths by the infallible voice of the Church is called _____.
9. Some of His truths came to be written in inspired writings called the _____.
10. A book is inspired if it has _____ as well as a man for its author.
11. Illustrious writers who fought for Christianity from the beginning to the eleventh century are called the _____ of the Church.
12. There are many inscriptions in the _____ in Rome.
13. The Church's teaching is seen also in the _____ which the faithful recited.
14. The Protestant rule of faith is the _____ only, interpreted _____.
15. Public revelation ceased at the death of the last _____.
16. The first book of the New Testament was not written for about _____ years after the Ascension.
17. The last was written about the year _____.

18. It was at the Council of _____ in the year _____ that the New Testament books were first bound into one.
19. From Scripture we know that Christ wrote once, on the _____.
20. Christ (*did*) (*did not*) order His Apostles to write.
21. He bade them go and _____ all nations.
22. He promised to be with them in their teaching “all days even to the _____ of the world.”
23. He said that the _____ would abide with them for ever, and bring to their minds all He had taught them.
24. He said that the _____ would guide them into all truth.
25. We can know which books were inspired only from the infallible teaching of the _____.
26. St. Peter, warns us that there are difficult texts in Scripture which some people “twist to their own _____.”
27. There is (*some*) (*no*) evidence in the New Testament for the fundamental principles of Protestantism.
28. Private judgment in Scripture has lead to chaos, whereas the infallible teaching of the Church unites more than _____ Catholics in oneness of belief.
29. It was _____ who wrote: “To be deep in history is to cease to be a Protestant.”
30. Middleton Murray admits that the only complete form of Christianity is the _____.

(A). 1. Christ claimed that He was sent by (**God**). 2. He proved this by working (**miracles**) for that purpose. 3. God (can) (**cannot**) work a miracle in favour of a false claim. 4. To make sure that His teaching would last to the end of the world, Christ (wrote it in a book) (told His Apostles to write it in a book) (**established a society**). 5. A society is different from an individual in that it can go on existing (**forever**). 6. It is superior to a book in that it can teach with a (**living**) voice. 7. Christ made His Church an (**indefectible**) and (**infallible**) society. 8. The handing on of Christ's truths by the infallible voice of the Church is called (**tradition**). 9. Some of His truths came to be written in inspired writings called the (**Bible**). 10. A book is inspired if it has (**God**) as well as a man for its author. 11. Illustrious writers who fought for Christianity from the beginning to the eleventh century are called the (**Fathers**) of the Church. 12. There are many inscriptions in the (**catacombs**) in Rome. 13. The Church's teaching is seen also in the (**prayers**) which the faithful recited. 14. The Protestant rule of faith is the (**bible**) only, interpreted (**privately**). 15. Public revelation ceased at the death of the last (**Apostle**). 16. The first book of the New Testament was not written for about (**twenty**) years after the Ascension. 17. The last was written about the year (**100**). 18. It was at the Council of (**Hippo**) in the year (**393**) that the New Testament books were first bound into one. 19. From Scripture we know that Christ wrote once, on the (**ground**). 20. Christ (did) (**did not**) order His Apostles to write. 21. He bade them go and ("**teach**") all nations. 22. He promised to be with them in their teaching "all days even to the (**consummation**) of the world." 23. He said that the (**Holy Spirit**) would abide with them for ever, and bring to their minds all He had taught them. 24. He said that the (**Holy Spirit**) would guide them into all truth. 25. We can know which books were inspired only from the infallible teaching of the (**Church**). 26. St. Peter, warns us that there are difficult texts in Scripture which some people "twist to their own (**destruction**)." 27. There is (some) (**no**) evidence in the New Testament for the fundamental principles of Protestantism. 28. Private judgment in Scripture has lead to chaos, whereas the infallible teaching of the Church unites more than (**a billion (text says 430 000 000)**) Catholics in oneness of belief. 29. It was (**Blessed John Henry Cardinal Newman**) who wrote: "To be deep in history is to cease to be a Protestant." 30. Middleton Murray admits that the only complete form of Christianity is the (**Catholic Church**).